

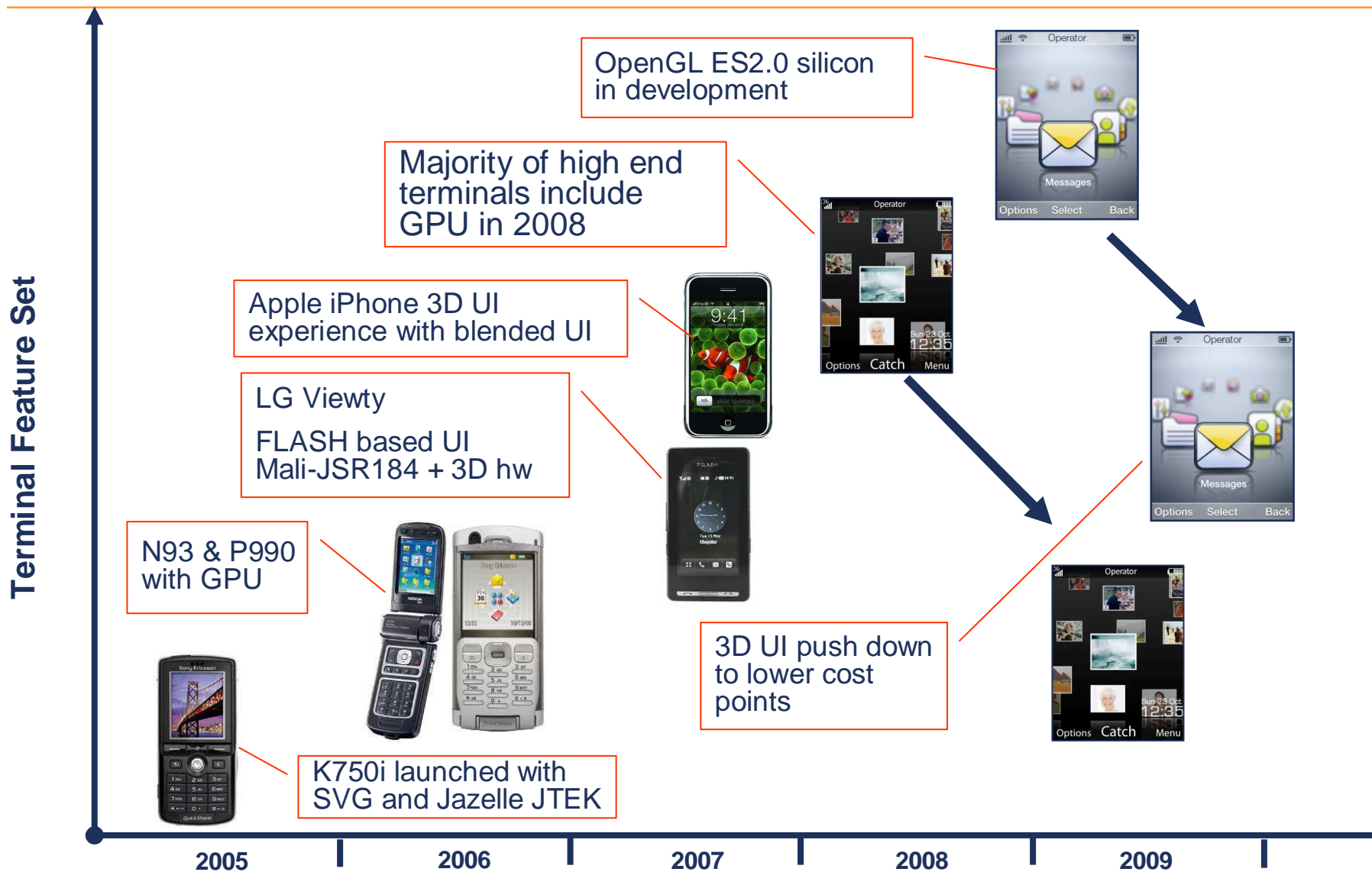
# Overcoming The Challenges Of Multimedia System Design

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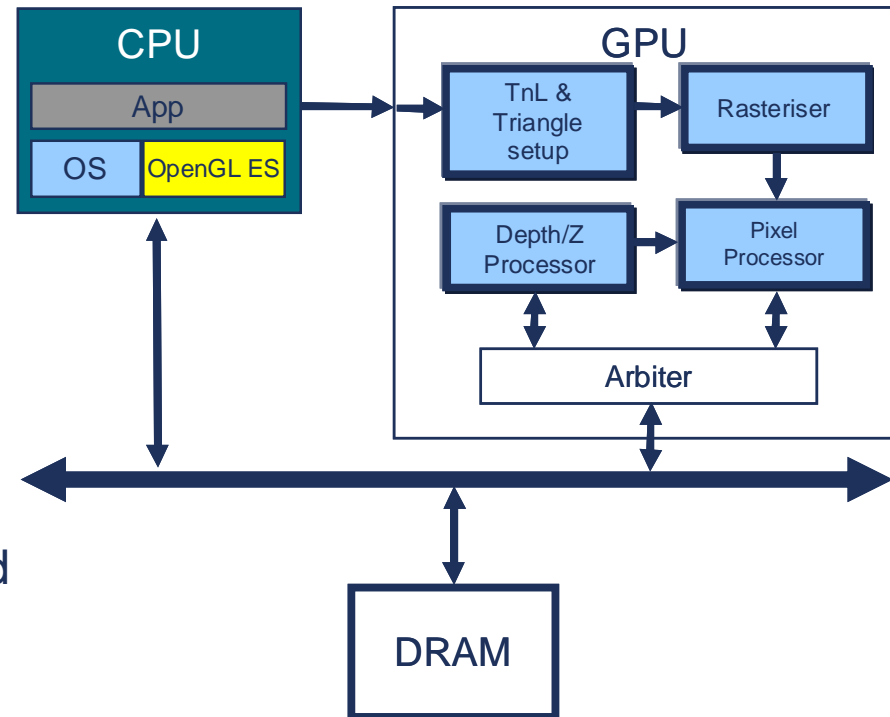
ARM Media Processing Division

# Two trajectories for graphics



# Legacy Graphics - SoC Configuration

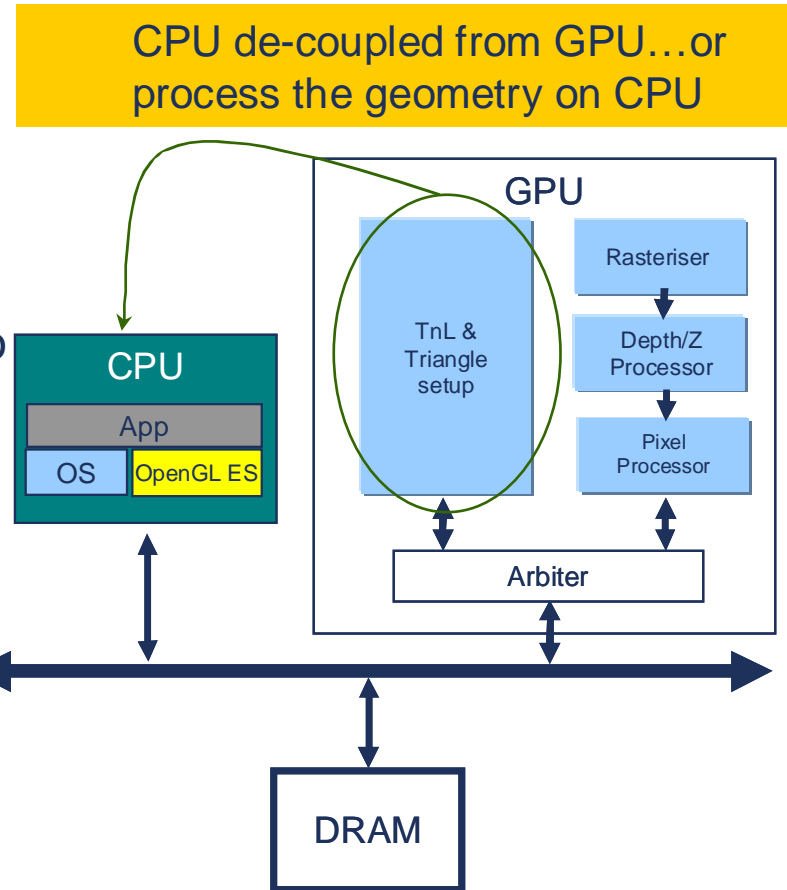
- “Push” style architecture:
  - CPU to GPU via dedicated channel
  - Each rendering step pushed to GPU
    - GPU dependent on CPU for vertex data
    - CPU dependant on memory for app and scene data
    - GPU dependent on memory for texture & frame buffer data
  - Requires all GPU stages at full speed
    - Even if not received data yet



- ⇒ Inefficient processing leads to extra power consumption = lower battery life
- ⇒ Load balancing this architecture is difficult

# Improved Graphics - SoC Configuration

- UI requires **limited** geometry processing
  - All about power/performance
- Intermediate processing decoupled
  - Main memory is source of all data
  - While GPU rendering frame, CPU free to generate next frame
  - Decoupling means **no lock ups**
- Power save mode recovery faster
  - Each element in processing chain can free run, idle or shut down depending on load
  - All structures in main memory

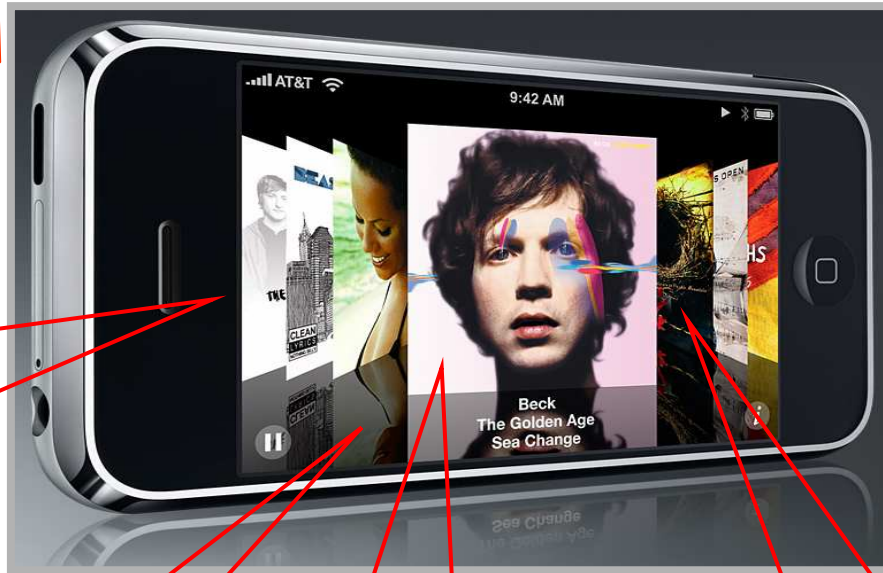
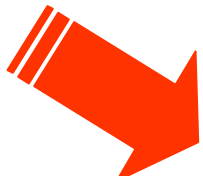


- ⇒ Benefits – power savings and cost efficient performance
- ⇒ Scalable architecture – from low geometry UI to high performance games

# New UI's Enabled By Mali55 – in just 1mm<sup>2</sup>\* !



This application has low geometry and high fill rate requirements – ideally suited to the architecture of Mali55



- Dynamic User Experience created by:
- Texture Mapping
  - Rotation
  - Growing and Shrinking
  - Flipping

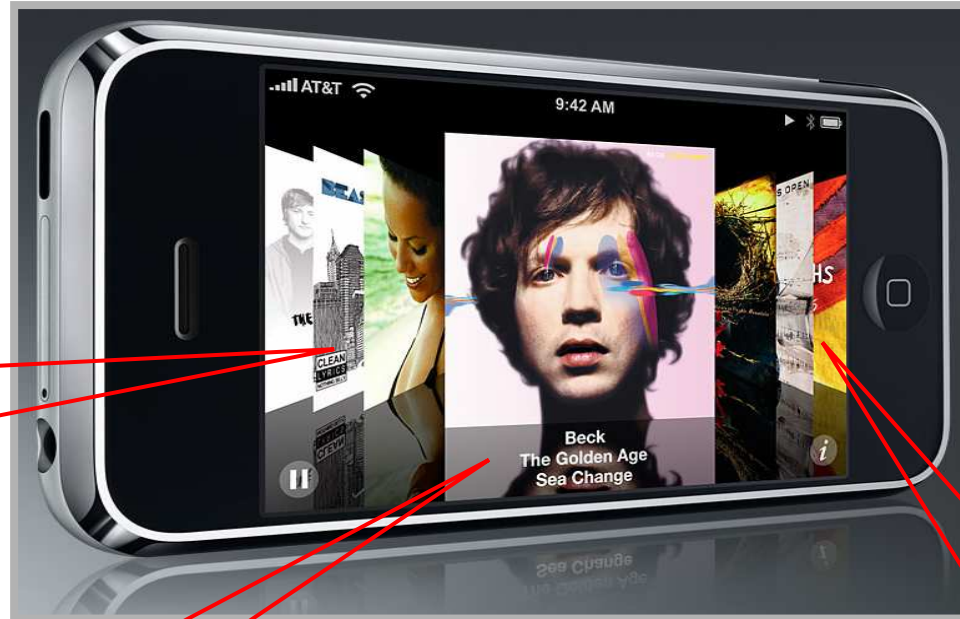
Reflections effects

FSAA enables high quality smooth edge

Tri-linear filtering enables HQ images

# Can It Be Done In Software ?

Yes, if you have more than 900MHz free



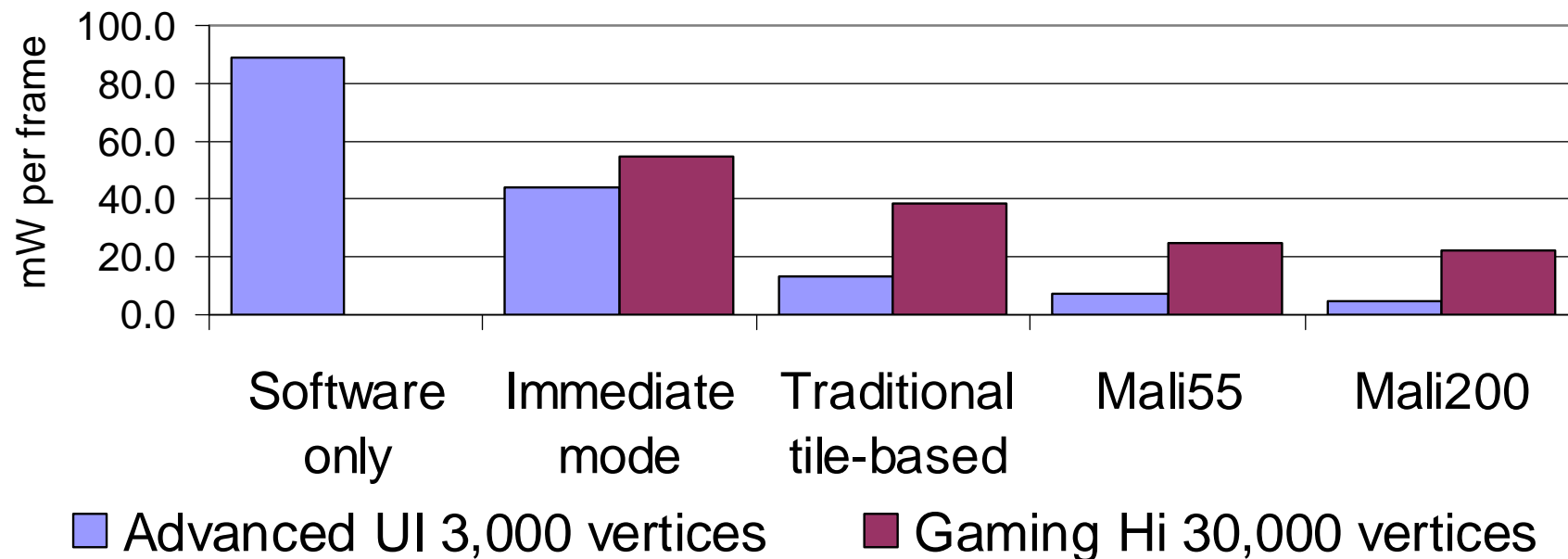
120MHz to transform and animate Album covers

300MHz for reflections effects with FAA

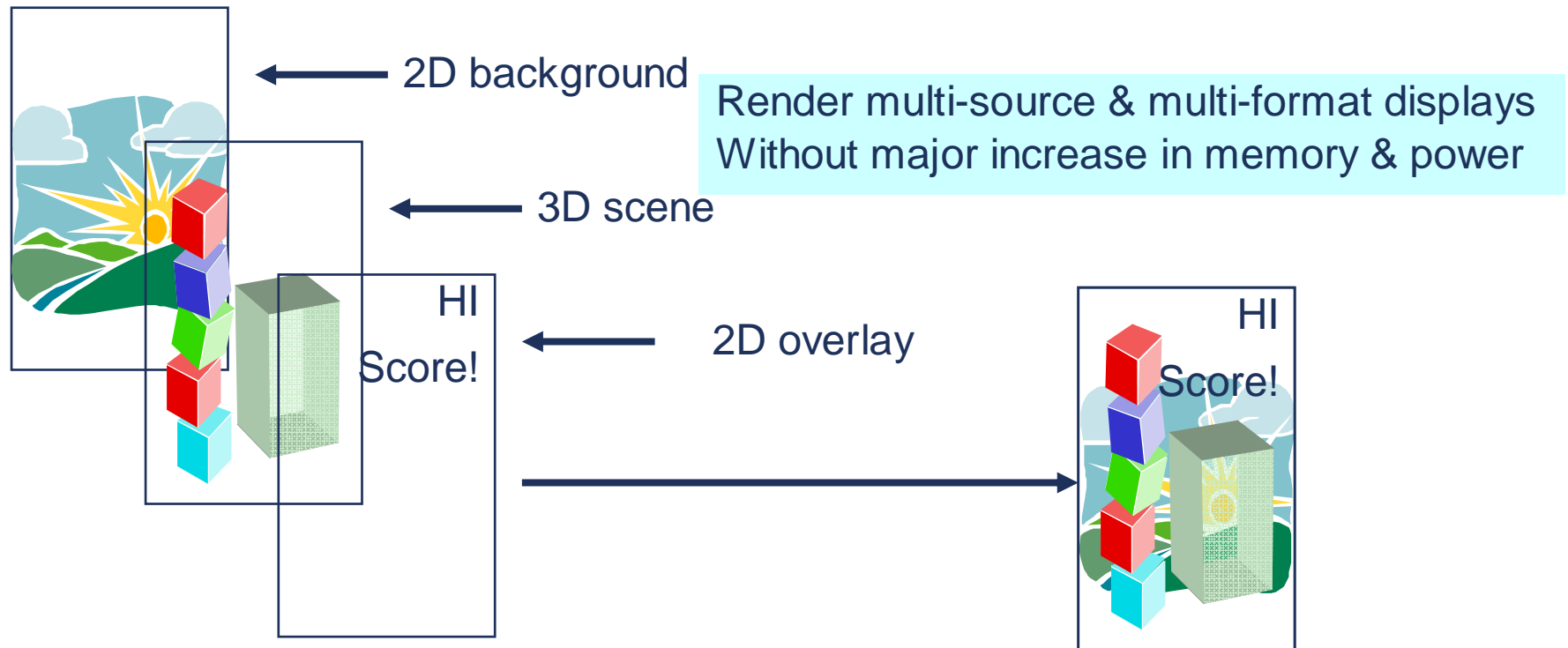
500MHz for Tri-linear filtering with FAA

# Power-efficient Graphics

- Memory bandwidth is significant use of power
  - Large proportion is off-chip at 10x the power
- Mali™ architecture significantly reduces memory bandwidth
  - Combines the best of immediate-mode flow and tile-based rendering
- Significant savings for both low and high complexity scenes



# Software challenges: Composition in Java



- Java allows 2D and 3D to be combined in an image
  - Historically all done in software
  - A lot of GL-ES hardware not designed with Java in mind
- Can be worked around in software...but
  - Reduced performance, excessive copying of screen buffers

# Composition complexity increasing



- Becoming too complex to handle with software workarounds...
  - JSR287 allows video as part of 2D vector graphics
  - JSR297 allows dynamic textures (e.g. streaming video) as part of 3D scene

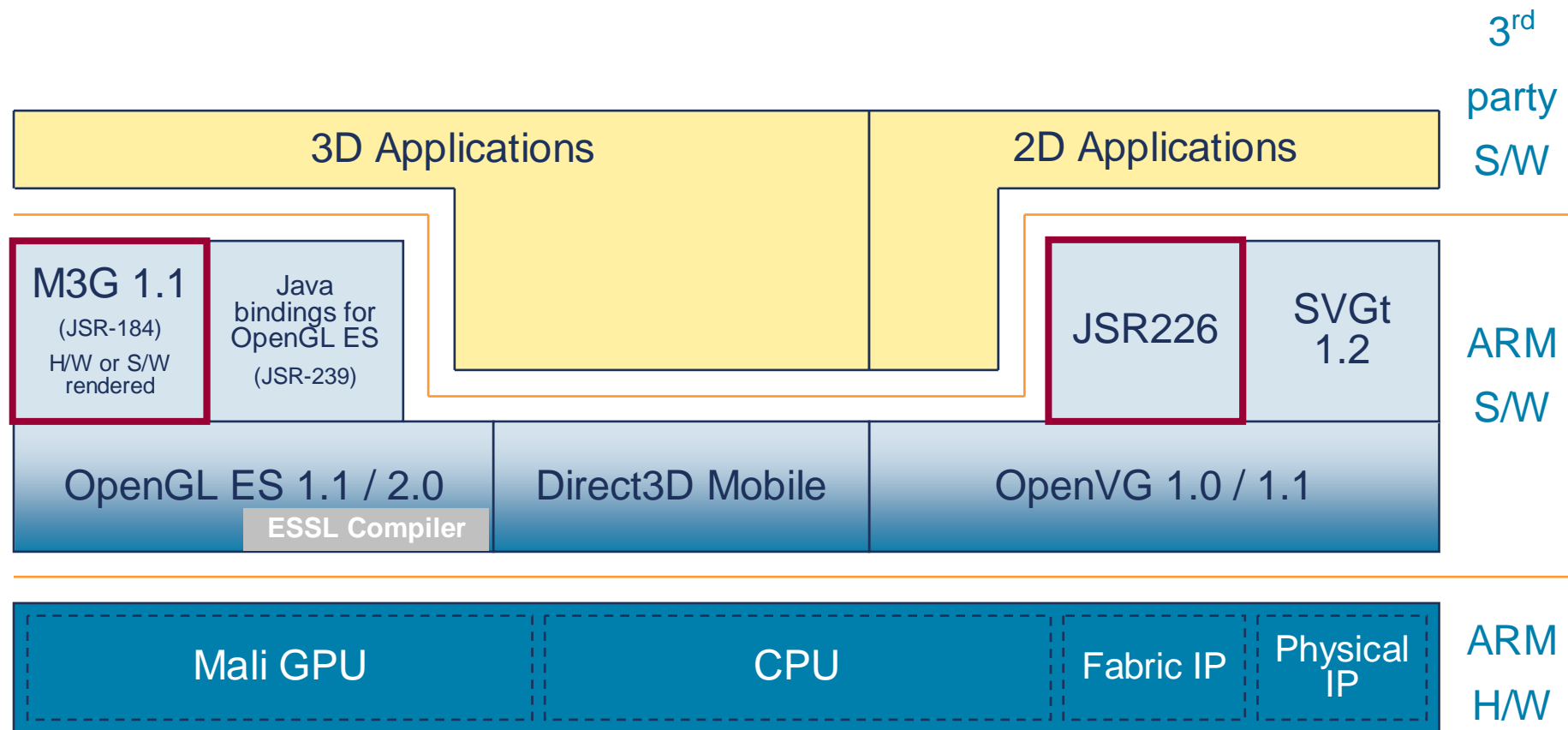
# Power and Software Design

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- Some components work together better by designing them together
  - For example: avoiding data copying saves energy
- The more parts of the puzzle you are in control of, the easier this is:
  - Content, Java VM, M3G2, OpenGL ES 2.0 drivers...
  - It *is* possible to optimise the flow *and* remain standards-compliant
- We believe you want a pre-verified, integrated solution

# ARM Mali HW & SW Form Full Graphics Stack

- Proven, high quality s/w pre-integrated with Mali - fast time to market
- Code compatibility across h/w-accelerated and s/w-only devices
- 9 software licensees and counting



# Cost

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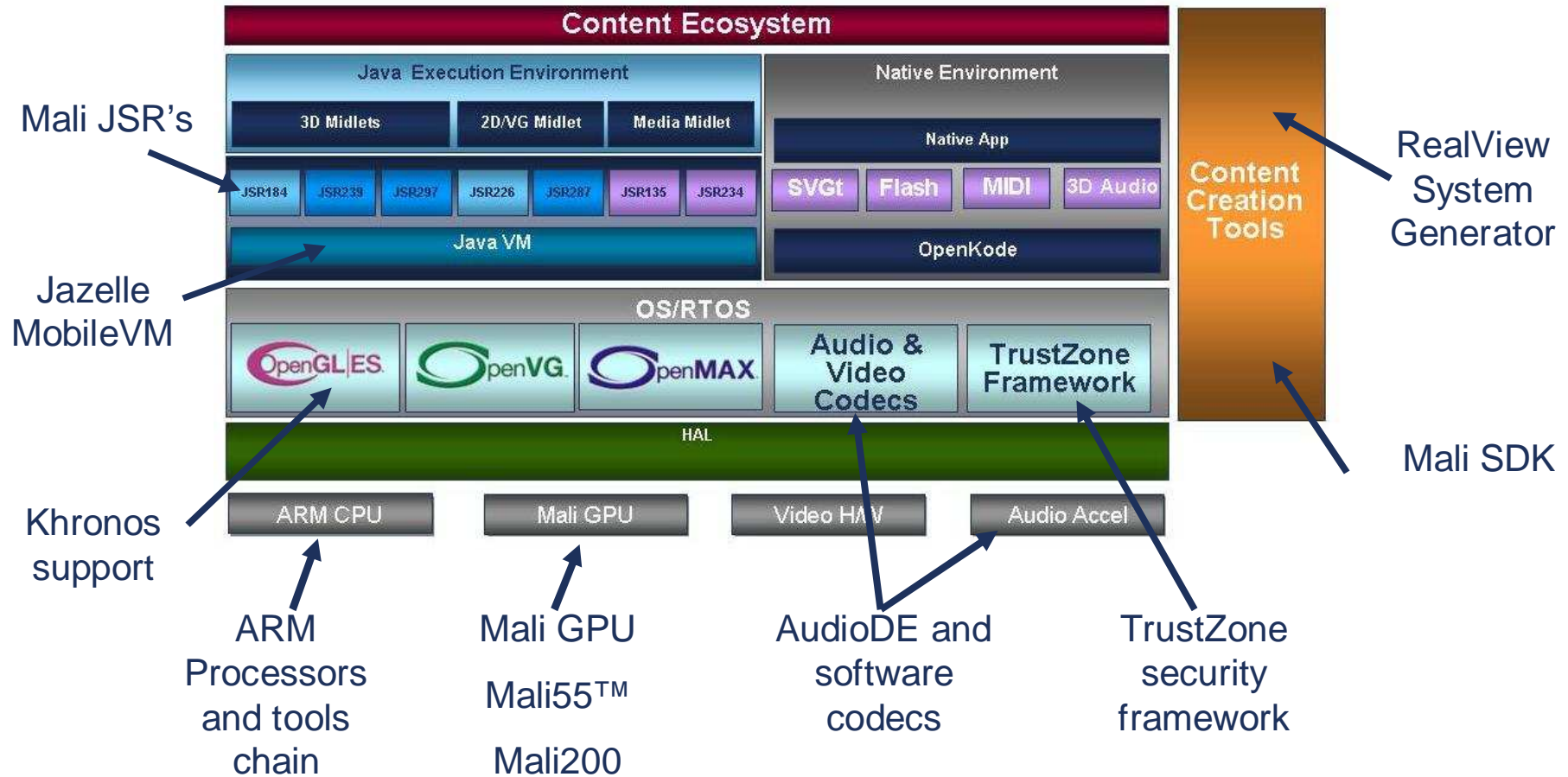
- Meeting demand for user experience while keeping cost of devices for mass market
- What are the cost drivers?
  - IP
  - Silicon
  - Validation
  - Lost market window
  - Etc.
- Obtaining more pre-verified, pre-integrated IP from one supplier will accelerate development
- Will that reduce costs/increase profits overall?

# Cost vs. User Experience

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- Inevitably, the user experience has to be tailored to fit the market requirements:
  - Software-rendered graphics
  - CPU-rendered low-resolution video
  - Mali55 OpenGL ES/OpenVG-accelerated user interface
  - Mali200/Sif OpenGL ES 2.0 hardware
  - 1080p video, H.264, VC-1 ...
- What you want are unified stacks
- What you don't want is to redesign everything between differing platforms

# Complete Graphics Stack with ARM Mali h/w & s/w



Proven, high quality software pre-integrated with Mali enables fast time to market  
 Graphics code compatibility across hardware accelerated and software-only platforms

# Summary

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- There are no magic bullets
- Sound engineering will still have great value
- Building good systems will still have great value
- Solving “the problem” requires work in a number of disciplines
- Life for suppliers of individual components gets harder
- The world still needs great software, great hardware and great tools

# Thank You

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